

CORDIC prenos $\Rightarrow R \rightarrow P$ $X, Y \rightarrow R, S$

Startovací vektor $Q_0 = X_0 + jY_0 = X \cdot K_N + jY \cdot K_N$

značí X, Y zo zadania a K_N podľa určeného N

cieľ: $\underbrace{Y_k}_{\text{konvergovalo}} \rightarrow 0$

po N iteráciach: $X_N \approx R$

$Y_N \approx 0$

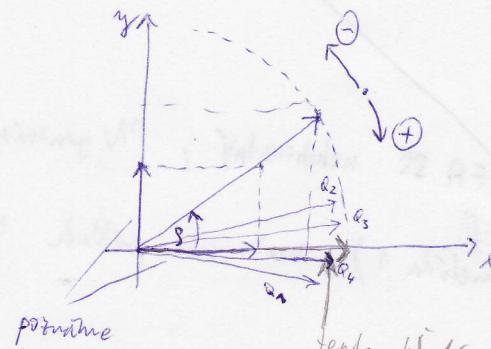
$S = \sum \angle_k$ je príslušným znamienkom \pm

k	X_k	Y_k	S_k	$Y_k \leq 0 \Rightarrow \ominus$
0	$X \cdot K_N$	$Y \cdot K_N$	0	
1				
2				
3				
⋮				

$Y_k \leq 0 \Rightarrow \ominus$

$Y_k > 0 \Rightarrow \oplus$

$$S_k = S_{k-1} \pm \angle_k$$



urobiť príklad, či je dobré teória tu!

tento kľudame, dosiahneme keď
 $Y=0, |Q_{N-1}|=R$

Príklad: $1,296 + j3,873 = X + jY$ kalkulačka $4,084 e^{j71,499^\circ}$

$$N=6 \rightarrow K_N = 0,6073$$

$$Q_0 = X_0 + jY_0 = 1,296 \cdot 0,6073 + j3,873 \cdot 0,6073 = 0,787 + j2,352$$

$$Y_0 = 2,352 > 0 \rightarrow \oplus \quad S_0 = 0^\circ$$

$$Q_1 = X_1 + jY_1 = (X_0 \oplus Y_0 \tan \angle_0) + j(Y_0 \mp X_0 \cot \angle_0) = (0,787 + 2,352 \cdot 1) + j(2,352 - 0,787 \cdot 1) = 3,139 + j2,565$$

$$Y_1 = 2,565 > 0 \rightarrow \oplus \quad S_1 = S_0 \oplus \angle_0 = 0^\circ + 45^\circ = 45^\circ$$

$$Q_2 = X_2 + jY_2 = 3,139 + 2,565 \cdot 0,707 + j(2,565 - 3,139 \cdot 0,707) = 3,922 + j0,005$$

$$Y_2 = 0,005 > 0 \rightarrow \oplus \quad S_2 = S_1 \pm \angle_1 = 45^\circ + 26,565^\circ = 71,565^\circ$$

$$Q_3 = X_3 + jY_3 = 3,922 + 0,005 \cdot 0,25 + j(0,005 - 3,922 \cdot 0,25) = 3,923 - j0,976$$

$$Y_3 = -0,976 < 0 \rightarrow \ominus \quad S_3 = S_2 \pm \angle_2 = 71,565^\circ - 14,036^\circ = 57,529^\circ$$

$$Q_4 = X_4 + jY_4 = 3,923 - (-0,976) \cdot 0,725 + j(-0,976 + 3,923 \cdot 0,725) = 4,045 - j0,486$$

$$Y_4 = -0,486 < 0 \rightarrow \ominus \quad S_4 = S_3 \pm \angle_3 = 50,404^\circ$$

$$Q_{N-1} = Q_5 = X_5 + jY_5 = 4,075 - j0,233$$

$$Y_5 = -0,233 < 0 \rightarrow \ominus$$

$$S_5 = S_4 \pm \angle_4 = 46,828^\circ$$

||

R

$$R, S = 4,075; 46,828^\circ$$

Už mi aj tak
nepôsiel, aj keby som
to ponechal a pokračoval

CORDIC - prevod z P-R súčadnice

Z nie sú
isté

pôltne pravohlé

na začiatku počítame hodnoty pôltnejch súčadnic R a φ_z
zvolíme si počet iterácií $N \rightarrow k_N = \prod_{k=0}^{N-1} \cos(\lambda_k)$

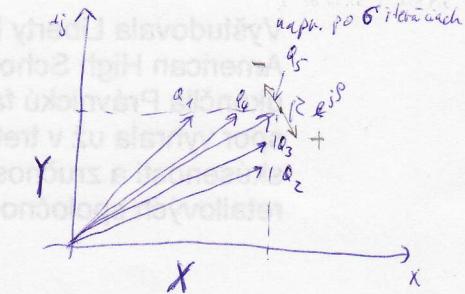
$$\text{ktoč iterácie } Q_k = 1 \pm j \tan \lambda_k = \frac{1}{\cos \lambda_k} e^{\pm j \lambda_k}$$

$$Q_0 = X_0 + j Y_0 = [X_0 + j Y_0] \cdot [1 \pm j \tan \lambda_0] = [X_0 \mp Y_0 \tan \lambda_0] + j [Y_0 \pm X_0 \tan \lambda_0]$$

$$Q_0 = R \cdot K_N + j \cdot 0 \Rightarrow X_0 + j Y_0 \rightarrow X_0 = R \cdot K_N \quad Y_0 = 0$$

$$\varphi_0 = 0^\circ \quad \varphi_0 \stackrel{\text{npr.}}{\leq} \varphi_z \rightarrow \text{zdviham } \varphi_0 \text{ známienko} \\ \text{v ďalšej iterácii}$$

$$\varphi_0 = \varphi_0 \pm \lambda_0 = 0^\circ + 45^\circ = 45^\circ \leq \varphi_z \rightarrow \text{volba známienka, ktorá} \\ \text{npr. súčinom sa priblížiť k hodnote} \\ 25^\circ = \varphi_z \text{ tak priprítaan } +45^\circ = \lambda_0$$



k	X_k	Y_k	φ_k	$\varphi_k \leq \varphi_z$
0	0	0	0°	\oplus
1		45°		
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

Priklad: zadane $P = 4,262 e^{j28,513^\circ}$ pomocou CORDIC na pravohlé súčadnice

$$\text{zvolím si } N=5 \rightarrow k_N = 0,60735 \quad R = 4,262 \quad \varphi_z = 28,513^\circ$$

$$Q_0 = X_0 + j Y_0 = R \cdot K_N = 4,262 \cdot 0,60735 = 2,5885 = X_0 \quad \text{startovacie } \varphi_0 = 0^\circ < \varphi_z \rightarrow \oplus$$

$$Q_1 = X_1 + j Y_1 = X_0 - Y_0 \tan \lambda_0 + j (Y_0 + X_0 \tan \lambda_0) = 2,5885 - 0 + j (0 + 2,5885 \cdot 1) = 2,5885 + j 2,5885$$

pričítam, súčinom sa priblížiť k φ_z

$$\varphi_1 = \varphi_0 \pm \lambda_0 = 0^\circ + 45^\circ = 45^\circ > \varphi_z \rightarrow \oplus$$

$$Q_2 = X_2 + j Y_2 = X_1 + Y_1 \tan \lambda_1 + j (Y_1 - X_1 \tan \lambda_1) = 2,589 + 2,589 \cdot 0,5 + j (2,589 - 2,589 \cdot 0,5) = 3,884 + j 1,295$$

$$\varphi_2 = \varphi_1 \pm \lambda_1 = 45^\circ - 26,566^\circ = 18,435^\circ < 28,513^\circ \rightarrow \ominus$$

$$Q_3 = X_3 + j Y_3 = 3,884 - 1,295 \cdot 0,25 + j (+1,295 + 3,884 \cdot 0,25) = 3,56 + j 2,266$$

$$\varphi_3 = \varphi_2 \pm \lambda_2 = 18,435^\circ + 46,036^\circ = 32,471^\circ > 28,513^\circ \rightarrow \oplus$$

$$Q_{N-1} = Q_4 = X_4 + j Y_4 = 3,56 + (+2,266) \cdot 0,125 + j (+2,266 - 3,56 \cdot 0,125) = 3,843 + j 1,821 \Rightarrow \text{výsledok } X_4, Y_4$$

$$\varphi_4 = \varphi_3 \pm \lambda_3 = 32,471^\circ - 7,125^\circ = 25,346^\circ$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 4,262 e^{j28,513^\circ} &= 3,843 + j 1,821 \\ \text{z kalkulačky} &= 3,745 + j 2,035 \end{aligned} \right\}$$